# **ESCALATION PLAN**

#### **TRIGGERS & IMPACTS**

|  | Disproportionate Impact For Māori & Pacific  |   |   |  |   | Describe specific current<br>impact | FORECAST: describe where we might be heading |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| COMMUNITY PREVALENCE   | Community prevalence and transmission of COVID.     Disproportionate impacts for Māori and Pacific.  | • Very Low – In the previous week there were no new cases that at the time of swab were not known close contacts  | • Low — In the previous week <35 new cases without an already established known contact   | Medium – In the previous week confirmed community transmission beyond known contacts, ≥ 35 new cases per week without known source   | High – In the previous week widespread confirmed community transmission – inability to contact trace  |                                     |  |
| VOLUME OR COMPLEXITY OF POSSIBLE / ACTUAL PATIENTS WITH COVID-19   | Māori & Pacific overrepresented in patient numbers.     Acuity of Māori/Pacific patients is disproportionate.  | Little to no patients with suspected/ confirmed COVID-19 presenting to DHB services     Presentations of ILI / viral illness very mild. Should this be consistent with low seasonal prevalence. | Small numbers of patients with suspected/confirmed COVID-19 presenting to DHB services.     No impact on ability to deliver BAU services.     Presentations of ILI / viral illness mild.  | Moderate number of COVID-19 suspected/confirmed patients across DHB or focally.     Moderate impact on BAU, and clinical work.     Increasing numbers of patients with co-morbidities and COVID-19.     Moderate presentations of ILI & Viral illness. | Large numbers of COVID-19 suspected/confirmed patients, mainly presenting acutely.     Major impact on ability to do BAU either in focal areas and/or across DHB.         |                                     |  |
| WELLBEING OF OUR PEOPLE  | Disproportionate increase in sick leave and EAP uptake for Māori & Pacific staff.     Some increase in feedback/comments expressing anxiety or uncertainty to organisational platforms from Māori & Pacific staff. | Usual number of staff on sick leave, usual rates of staff turnover and usual EAP uptake.     Usual volume of comments/feedback to organisational platforms.     Usual uptake of annual leave.   | Some increase in sick leave (outside anticipated seasonal increase).     Some increase in EAP uptake.     Some increase in feedback/comments to organisational platforms.   | Moderate increase in sick leave - especially 1 day leave.     Moderate increase in EAP uptake     Moderate risk of transmission to staff/some failures in protective measures.  By May 1   | Significant impact from sick leave High volumes of sick leave.     Significant risk of transmission to / significant failures in protective measures.                     |                                     |  |
| WORKFORCE CAPACITY   | Disproportionate staff sickness/isolation related leave in areas related to delivery of care or support to Māori and Pasifika communities or patients.     Increased pressure on Maori and Pacific workforce.      | No deployment of staff to COVID-19 related roles or activity. No mandatory government controls or restrictions impacting on normal childcare etc.   | Low level government alert levels/mandatory restrictions in place.     Mild impact of sick leave on overall or focal workforce capacity     Small number of staff deployed to COVID-19 related roles or activities either delivering care or planning / response. | Sickness/stand down leave critical workforce shortages able to be covered by deployment but restricting delivery of BAU Increasing demand on workforce creating capacity challenges. ARPHS / MIFQ requests   | Sickness/stand down leave critical workforce shortages not able to be covered by deployment.     Critical demand overall or in focal areas overwhelms workforce capacity. |                                     |  |
| eg. vaccine, new faster testing, new lab opens, harbour crossing, natural disaster, supply chain disruptions | Disproportionate impact of external factor(s) on Māori or Pasifika communities and/or ADHB staff   | External factor with positive impact on ADHB.  No external factors impacting ADHB   | ADHB System-Wide Impact of external factor(s) on VIMPAGE  | Moderate impact of external factor(s) on ADHB  | Significant impact of external factor(s) on ADHB  |                                     |  |
| VOLUME OR COMPLEXITY<br>OF NON COVID-19 WORK   | Māori & Pacific overrepresented in patient numbers.     Acuity of Māori/Pacific patients is disproportionate.  | No change from normal seasonal variation in patient numbers and complexity. No change in normal variation volume or complexity of work  | Mild increase in patient presentation volumes and complexity. Mild increase in normal (within range) volume or complexity of work   | Moderate increase in patient presentation volumes or complexity challenging ability to deliver safe COVID-19 patient pathways.  Moderate increase in normal (within range) volume or complexity of work  | High increase in patient presentation volumes and complexity. High increase in normal (within range) volume or complexity of work   |                                     |  |

### **ESCALATION PLAN**

#### **CONTROLS & SETTINGS**

**Environmental Settings and** Access to Hospital & Community Services Which we **Currently Provide** 

Maintain whanau as partners in care for as long as is safe.

Delivery of Usual Care and Services (eg planned care): modality & volume including ethical prioritisation

Deployment of our People & Resources

Supportive Measures for our People's Safety & Wellbeing

Patient Streaming Pathways

Training & Education

Deliver as much planned care as possible - prioritising Maori and Pacific

Deploy staff resources to where they are needed most to maintain safe delivery of care

Recognise that staff are members of whānau and community.
 Build system resilience to support staff
 Holistic view of wellbeing.

Maintain training and education to support pipeline of healthcare workers.
 Utilise alternative modes as required.

LOW prevelar

Support face coverings for members of he public.

hysical distancing signage and physical hanges to spaces

mote the use of COVID-19 tracer app.

Escalate concern and activate support systems identified by Māori and Pasifika in planning stages.

restrictions that exist when there is COVID-19 in the community.

Inform and deploy vulnerable staff to safe work arrangements. OFF

Routine staff surveillance testing in line with national programme

Encourage remote working arrangements for staff not required to be onsite with clear and affirming messaging. Initiate staff tracing/contact pathways and management.

insure staff who could be deployed inderstand contingency plans and heir roles in those plans.

Prioritise staff training and professional evelopment related to COVID-19.

ndertake training and education in nanaging whānau distress and conflict elating to quarantine. Engage with aumatua and community groups.

Limit on-site and face-to-face training and utilise alternative methods where available.

Deliver training and education for immediate safety - deliver in small bites at point of use.

OFF

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| High<br>prevalance | Restrict visitor access with exceptions for young and vulnerable patients and on compassionate grounds only. | Restrict treatment or provision of service to acute, critical and/or time sensitive as required in affected areas.  OFF | Deploy all suitable staff to clinical and non-clinical support roles. | OFF | Focus supports on immediate staff safety, wellbeing and welfare. | OFF | Open the AED tent.  | OFF | Limit training and education to real-time clinical training related to COVID OFF management |
|--------------------|--|---|---|-----|--|-----|---|-----|---|
|                    | Prioritise Māori and Pasifika access where safe.   | Apply COVID-19 ethical framework to support decision-making.  | Rest and rotate key clinical staff to maintain essential services.    |     | Provide simple, immediate messaging at point of care for staff.  | OFF | Stream COVID-19 patients to Ward 68 when two or fewer beds are available in 7A. | OFF |   |
|                    | Actively promote and increase non-<br>contact access   | Exclude non-resident work. OFF  | Restrict annual leave to essential only                               | OFF | Prioritise engagement with Māori health leadership and staff.    | OFF | Implement facilities changes to allow patient screening (le haem/onc tent).     | OFF |   |
|                    |  |   |   |     |  |     | Activate critical care esclation plan - stage 3                                 | OFF |   |

Consider restriciting access and flow through AED/CED as needed

#### **Environmental Settings** and Access to Hospital & **Community Services** Which we Currently Provide

Risk screen all patients prior to attending on site appointments or community care Review and update screening protocols and processes as necessary.

#### Deployment of our People & Resources

Centralise, monitor and distribute resources OFF people, space and PPE. OFF Prioritise PPE to essential services.

#### **Supportive Measures for** our People's Safety & Wellbeing

Put plans in place for staff with work

restrictions that exist when there is

COVID-19 in the community.

## **Patient Streaming Pathways**

Use standard patient management review by pathways. Occ health

dentifying side room availabltiy by CHIPS, upport staff to stay home if they are OFF nwell and to isolate as required. and regular eview of side room allocation.

Needs

romote digital documentation of Non-invasive ventilation pathway activated COVID response and planning works for possible, probably or confirmed COVIDthat can be accessed appropriately by the required people.

Review PPE stock usage and test scenarios to maintain critical stock

Take actions to ensure supply chain

Promote hand hygiene and other harm OFF reduction policies related to infectious

OFF

OFF

complete

Ongoing training of staff to

OFF

enable effective and consistent patient/visitor screening

**Training & Education** 

Fit-test all staff for face masks -

prioritise high risk areas

tilise rapid testing to expedite best To check Activate critical care esclation plan - stage 1 OFF this is